

Technology in School: The Teachable Moment

Collette Dowhaniuk

Protective Services Consultant

Ontario Principals' Council

cdowhaniuk@principals.on.ca

In a unanimous vote this morning in Toronto, the Canadian Teachers'

Federation pledged to form an emergency workgroup to hammer out a national policy this fall on the use of cell phones in class and school penalties for using blogs, email and any form of technology to hurt.other people's feelings.

The Toronto Star Louise Brown, Education Reporter July 13, 2007



<u>August 28, 2007 – Ontario College of</u> <u>Teachers Press Release</u>

Eighty-four per cent of Ontario teachers say they

have been the subject of comment by cyberbullies

who use e-mail and the Internet to criticize their

teachers' appearance and grading skills, spread harmful gossip and even make threats of physical harm.



Responses On cyberbullying:

84 per cent of all teachers have experienced cyberbullying.

e-mail and chatrooms are the main vehicles for cyberbullying.

41 per cent of all teachers believe the school/board should report most or all cyberbullying to the police.

43 per cent of teachers believe student-to-student cyberbullying should be reported to the police

OCT, August 28, 2007



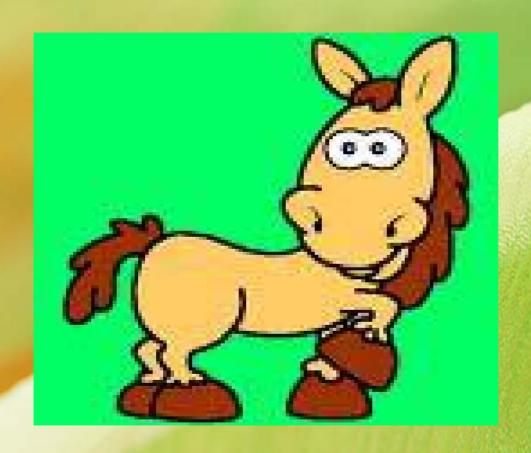
On electronic communication:

- 49 per cent of teachers say their school or board has well understood policies on student use of e-communication.
- 21 per cent of teachers say their school or board has well understood policies of teacher-student e-mail communication.
- 83 per cent of teachers never communicate with their students via e-mail.

OCT August 28, 2007



Not only has the horse has left the barn...





Stay tuned...

www.backbonemag.com
July/August 2007



- 74% of students said "technology rocks my world"
- 42% said school encourages them to develop tech skills
- Almost half learn more about technology at home on their own



Topics

- 1. Technology in School: 2B or not 2B?
- 2. Social Networking: Facebook
- 3. 15 Minutes of Fame: YouTube
- 4. Cyberbullying of peers
- Cyberbullying of staff
- 6. Nexus: You're not the boss of me!
- 7. Conclusion: Bug or Windshield?





Technology in School: 2B or not 2B? Devices



Teachable moment:

□School/Board policy – Ban or Limit?

Types:

- □Cell phones
- □I-pods, MP3 Players
- □Digital cameras (cell phones)
- See OPC advice attached



Technology in School:
 2B or not 2B? Internet Access

Teachable Moment:

□School/Board policy – Ban or limit?

Types:

- □Social network (Facebook, MySpace)
- ■Video sharing (YouTube)
- Opinion polling (Ratemyteachers.com)



1. Technology in School: Legal Issues

<u>es</u> 5

- Safety, Confidentiality
- Ethics (cheating)
- Individual vs. collective freedoms/rights
- Public vs. private discourse
- Harassment & Human Rights
- Freedom of expression vs. defamation
- Pornography Laws
- Acceptable use policies



1. Technology in School Caselaw Reference



Price et al. v. New York City Board of Education et al.

Judge Stone from New York State SC decision upholds cell phone ban in schools in response to a challenge from parents

Index #109703/06 (N.Y. S.Ct. May 7, 2007)



1. Technology in School Stone Judgment Issues



- Exterior vs. locker storage
- Arbitrariness vs. rationality of school rules
- Definition of "cell phone"
- Parental vs. School control
- Constitutional claims



1. Technology in School Stone Judgment



"This court does not rule on the wisdom or lack of wisdom of the Cell Phone Rules or on whether there may be... any better way to balance the desires of parents and the need for practical ways to maintain discipline in schools."

14

1. Technology in School Case study



 April 18, 2007, Trustees of Toronto DSB passed motion that all personal communication devices will be powered off and stored out of view during instructional class and other areas of the school, unless authorized by the principal.

15

1. Technology in School Case study



February, 2007

- A teacher supervising exams comes upon a student receiving text messages on cell phone.
- Teacher confiscates cell phone.
- Parent alleges that the teacher assaulted the student.





2. Social Networking

Teachable Moment:

- ■Board/school policy
- Ontario Code of Conduct
- □ Anti-bullying policies
- Acceptable use policies of sites

Types

- □Facebook, My Space
- □E-mail, Website, Blog





2. Social Networking Facebook

- Launched on February 4, 2004
- Membership was restricted to students of Harvard;
- Expanded to all Ivy League within two months;
- Since September, 2006 available to any email user within
- July, 2007 30 million members worldwide
 Wikipedia



2. Social Networking MySpace



- Owned by Fox Interactive Media
- World's sixth most popular website in any language; third most popular website in the U.S.;
- 80% of visits to online social networking websites; influential part of contemporary popular culture;
- attracts <u>230, 000 new registrations per day.</u>

Wikipedia

2. Social Networking Legal Issues



- Safety, Confidentiality
- Ethics (lying)
- Individual vs. collective freedoms/rights
- Public vs. private discourse
- Harassment & Human Rights
- Freedom of expression vs. defamation
- Pornography Laws
- Acceptable use policies



2. Social Networking Case study



- Teacher and her family create
 blog to communicate feelings & photos;
- In communication with her daughter, she frequently details her poor opinion of the vice-principal;
- A student "Googles" the vice-principal's name, discovers the blog, and informs the v.p.

2. Social Networking: <u>Teaching points</u>



- Internet is everywhere and forever
- Employers increasingly using Facebook as reference-check
- Review "Terms of Use" rules
- How to report misuse
- Internet Safety Protocols





3. 15 Minutes of Fame

YouTube



- Website where users can upload, view and share video clips (movie, tv, music);
- Created in February 2005;
- Unregistered users can watch most videos on the site;
- Registered users are permitted to upload an unlimited number of videos.
- Users can post video 'responses' and subscribe to content feeds.

Wikipedia

25

3. 15 Minutes of Fame: YouTube - Case study



November, 2006

- Students at Ecole Secondaire Mont-Bleu in Gatineau, Quebec provoke a teacher into a temper tantrum, record this on a cellpone, and post to YouTube
- □School convinces YouTube to remove video



3. 15 Minutes of Fame: YouTube - Case studies



September, 2006

□Students in Peel DSB and Simcoe County

DSB arrange and post "Fight Club" videos on

YouTube; extensive media coverage

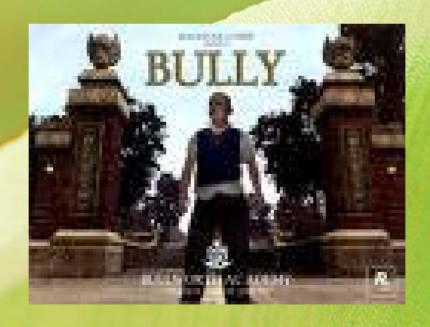
April, 2007

Ontario board approves suspension of students identified as fighters on cell phone video, as well as videographer and audience

77



What is Bullying?



Bullying is aggressive behaviour (physical, verbal, or social) involving negative actions on the part of one or more towards another (victim).

- Usually involves a power imbalance and is repeated over time.
- •The bully deliberately intends to hurt the victim.
- •The victim is distressed (hurt, scared, humiliated).
- •Threats, extortion, humiliation, insults, gossip and exclusion. (www.integra.on.ca)



What is "Cyberbullying"? Is it worse than bullying?



"Cyberbullying involves the use of information and communication technologies such as e-mail, cell phone and pager text messages, instant messaging, defamatory personal Web sites, and defamatory online personal polling Web sites, to support deliberate, repeated, and hostile behaviour by an individual or group, that is intended to harm others." -Bill Belsey



Cyberbullying of Peers



Teachable Moment

Provincial/DSB/School Anti-bullying policies

Types

- □ Social network site (Facebook, MySpace)
- □ Video sharing site (YouTube)
- □E-mail (MSN Messaging)
- □Website, blog



4. Cyberbullying of Peers: Legal Issues



- Safety, Confidentiality
- Ethics (lying)
- Individual vs. collective freedoms/rights
- Public vs. private discourse
- Harassment & Human Rights
- Freedom of expression vs. defamation
- Pornography Laws
- Acceptable use policies



4. Cyberbullying of Peers <u>Caselaw</u> (Cyberlibel)



Barrick Gold v. Lopehandia [2004]

O.J. No.2329(CA)

- "Cyberlibel" distinguished from other defamation because of "instantaneous, seamless, inter-active, blunt, borderless and far-reaching nature" and;
- □ that "anonymous nature...may ...create a greater risk that... remarks are believed."

4. Cyberbullying of Peers: Case study

- Two female Gr. 11 students
 attend party; consume large amounts
 of alcohol; lose consciousness; male
 peer helps them to undress and
 shower; takes photos; posts to
 Internet
- Principal reports to police; charges of distributing child pornography



5. Cyberbullying of Staff



Teachable Moment:

- ■Board/school policy
- Ontario Code of Conduct
- □ Anti-bullying policies
- Types:
 - □Ratemyteachers.com
 - □ Facebook, My Space, YouTube
 - □E-mail, Website, Blog



5. Cyberbullying of Staff: RateMyTeachers.com

- Controversial review site used to rate elementary/ secondary teachers' performance and popularity
- 1-5 rating & comments
- Over one and a half million teachers are graded on the website.
- Launched in August of 2001Wikipedia



5. Cyberbullying of Staff: Legal Issues

- Safety, Confidentiality
- Ethics (lying)
- Individual vs. collective freedoms/rights
- Public vs. private discourse
- Harassment & Human Rights
- Freedom of expression vs. defamation
- Pornography Laws
- Acceptable use policies



5. Cyberbullying of Staff:

Caselaw



Beussink v. Woodland R-IV School District 30F.Supp.2d1175(1998US Dist.)

- □ Student created website with vulgar and critical comments re: school admin.
- ☐ Court did not uphold suspension "dislike or upset not sufficient"



5. Cyberbullying of Staff Caselaw



- J.S. v. Bethlehem Area School District
 - □Student created website "Teacher sux" about math teacher
 - Description upheld because of threats, harassment, and disruption of learning environment



5. Cyberbullying of Staff Caselaw



Biom v. Fulton County Sch. Dist., No. 06-14706 (11th Cir. July 31, 2007)

☐ The U.S. Court of Appeals (11th District) ruled that a Georgia school district did not violate a student's right to free speech when it suspended her for a narrative about shooting her math teacher

Cyberbullying of Staff Caselaw



Biom v. Fulton County Sch. Dist., No. 06-14706 (11th Cir. July 31, 2007)

☐ The court also ruled that she was not entitled to a court injunction ordering the school district to expunge her records of any documentation related to the suspension.



5. Cyberbullying of Staff: Case study

Robert F. Hall

Catholic Secondary School

January 2007

- □Eleven students suspended for derogatory comments made on Facebook about the principal
- Reference February 12, 2007:
 CBC.ca & The Toronto Star





6. Nexus: You're not the boss of me!



By what authority can school officials monitor, control, and apply consequences for "Off-school" conduct?

6. Nexus: You're not the boss of me!

- Common Law Standard of Care (careful & prudent parent in the circumstances)
- Education Act "Order & Discipline"
- Regulation 298 "Duties of Principal"
- Ontario Schools Code of Conduct
- DSB Policy re: Electronic
 Communication



6. Nexus: You're not the boss of me!



- Interference with school operations
- Impact on school culture
- Rules of use
- Board Policies



7. Conclusion:

Bug or windshield?

Teaching Points

- Responsible use
- Reputation, public profile
- Electronic Etiquette
- Acceptable Use Policies
- Reporting strategies
- Cyberbullying.ca advice re: Internet
 Safety; responses to bullying

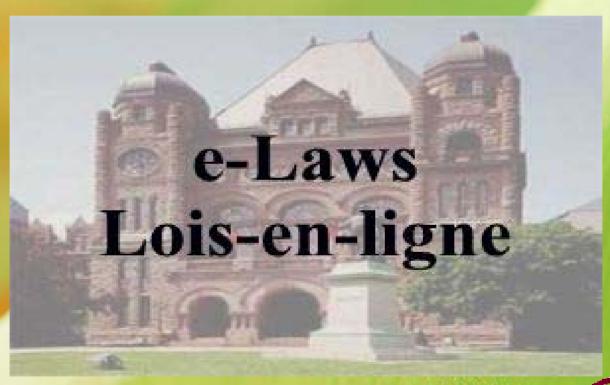


References

See attachment for print and on-line resources



E-laws.gov.on.ca





Collette Dowhaniuk

Protective Services Consultant

Ontario Principals' Council

cdowhaniuk@principals.on.ca



