OJEN Summer Law Institute 2014

CLASS ACTIONS

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Class Proceedings Act

Ontario legislation in force since 1993

Three purposes:

- 1. to improve access to justice
- 2. to litigate mass claims more efficiently and effectively
- 3. to encourage more responsible conduct

Number and size of class actions have increased dramatically

Why Class Actions?

- to level the playing field against well funded defendants
- to give plaintiffs security and strength in numbers
- to protect plaintiffs' privacy

What can be Done?

Two examples:

Environmental "Toxic" Harms

 residents in contaminated areas suing large companies

Institutional Abuse

 individuals subjected to common abuse and mistreatment in residential settings

Canadian Toxic Cases



Hollick v. Toronto (City)

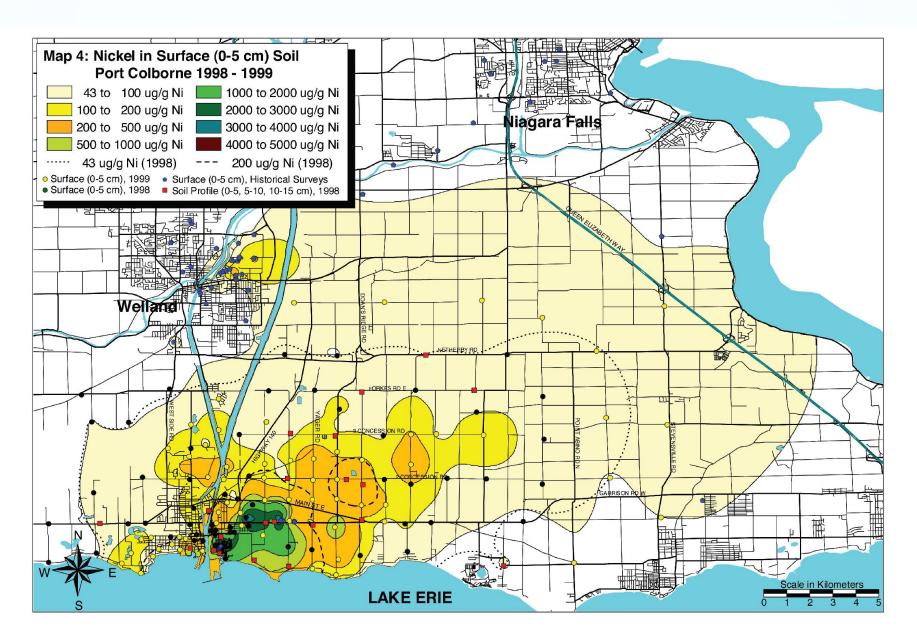
Hollick

- Noise and physical pollution from Keele Valley Landfill
- Proposed claim on behalf of 30,000 residents
- Class action not certified
- 'Complaints about noise, pollution would be too individual for a class action'

Port Colborne Nickel Contamination

- 7,000 properties affected
- Inco operated refinery from 1918-1984
- Poorest, most contaminated neighborhood beside factory, needed tons of soil removed
- map shows contamination from smoke plume

Contamination Area



Smith v. Inco

- Class not certified for health impacts
- But residents could sue for loss of property value
- 10 years later, residents win \$36 million at trial –
 then lose everything on appeal

Future "Toxic" Class Actions?

- water contamination from Alberta tar sands...
- water contamination from "fracking" and natural gas exploration...
- inland oil spills from pipelines...
- nuclear waste- Port Hope, Bruce Peninsula
 ...

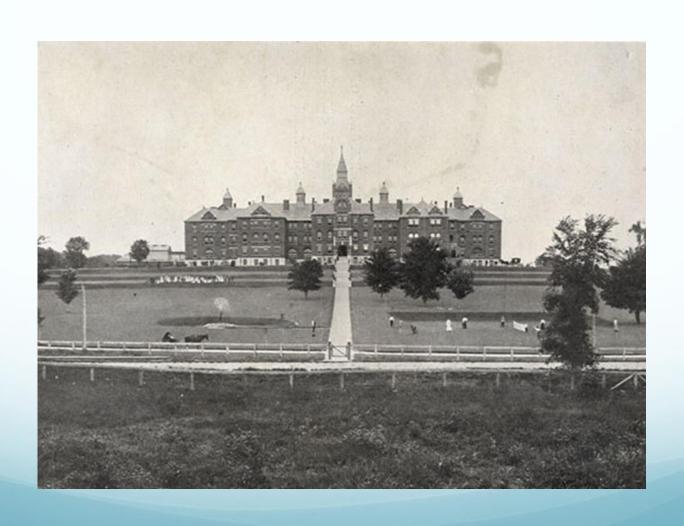
Residential School Settlement

- National settlement for residential school survivors
- Apology from the Prime Minister
- Truth and reconciliation commission
- Residents suffered abuse, destruction of family and cultural bonds
- Ongoing compensation, including:
 - 105,542 applications for compensation
 - Over \$1.6 Billion paid to date to survivors

Rumley v. British Columbia

- Jericho Hill was a residential school for deaf and blind children from 1950-1992
- 1995 report found "sexual abuse was at times widespread" there over many years
- Class action certified for 350 former students
- Class action settled for \$12.5 million

Institutional Abuse Cases



Huronia Regional Centre

- one of three Ontario institutions for those labelled developmentally disabled
- operating from 1864–2009 with up to 2,600 residents
- an unmarked grave yard had over 2,000 gravesites

Huronia Class Action

- approximately 8,000 former residents
- most class members in their late 60s having spent a decade to a lifetime in Huronia

Settlement: \$67.7 million and an apology from Premier Wynne